

Uklon

Neusmerjen oddajnik

$$E = \alpha I \frac{e^{-jkr}}{r}$$

Nadomestni viri

$$K_\rho = -H_{0\phi}$$

$$K_\phi = H_{0\rho}$$

$$K_{m\rho} = E_{0\phi}$$

$$K_{m\phi} = -E_{0\rho}$$

$$r_{TX} = \sqrt{d_{TX}^2 + \rho^2}$$

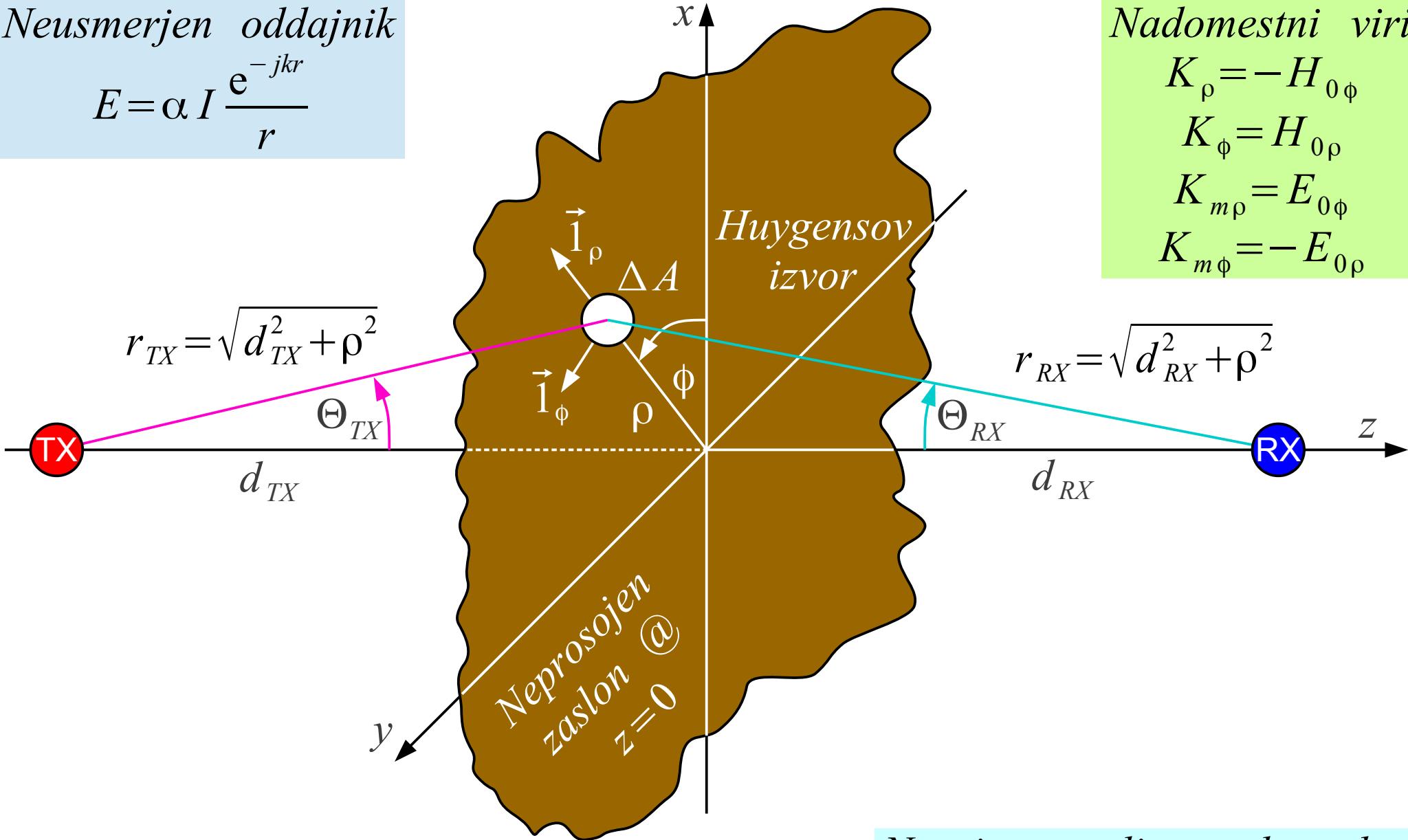
$$\Theta_{TX}$$

$$d_{TX}$$

$$r_{RX} = \sqrt{d_{RX}^2 + \rho^2}$$

$$RX$$

$$d_{RX}$$



Neovirano polje $r = d_{TX} + d_{RX}$

$$E_\infty = \alpha I \frac{e^{-jkr}}{r} = \alpha I \frac{e^{-jk(d_{TX} + d_{RX})}}{d_{TX} + d_{RX}}$$

Huygensov izvor

Neusmerjen oddajnik

$$E = \alpha I \frac{e^{-jkr}}{r}$$

Odprtina

$$E_{0\rho} = \alpha I_\rho \frac{e^{-jkr_{TX}}}{r_{TX}} \cos \Theta_{TX}$$

$$E_{0\phi} = \alpha I_\phi \frac{e^{-jkr_{TX}}}{r_{TX}}$$

$$H_{0\rho} = -\frac{\alpha}{Z_0} I_\phi \frac{e^{-jkr_{TX}}}{r_{TX}} \cos \Theta_{TX}$$

$$H_{0\phi} = \frac{\alpha}{Z_0} I_\rho \frac{e^{-jkr_{TX}}}{r_{TX}}$$

Nadomestni viri

$$K_\rho = -H_{0\phi}$$

$$K_\phi = H_{0\rho}$$

$$K_{m\rho} = E_{0\phi}$$

$$K_{m\phi} = -E_{0\rho}$$

Enakovreden zapis

$$\frac{jk}{4\pi} = \frac{j}{2\lambda}$$

Neusmerjen sprejemnik

$$E_\rho = \frac{jk}{4\pi} \left(-K_\rho Z_0 \cos \Theta_{RX} - K_{m\phi} \right) \Delta A \frac{e^{-jkr_{RX}}}{r_{RX}}$$

$$E_\phi = \frac{jk}{4\pi} \left(-K_\phi Z_0 + K_{m\rho} \cos \Theta_{RX} \right) \Delta A \frac{e^{-jkr_{RX}}}{r_{RX}}$$

Rezultat je neodvisen od polarizacije:

$$E = \frac{jk}{4\pi} \alpha I \Delta A \frac{e^{-jkr_{TX}}}{r_{TX}} \frac{e^{-jkr_{RX}}}{r_{RX}} (\cos \Theta_{TX} + \cos \Theta_{RX})$$

Uklon valovanja na Huygensovemu izvoru

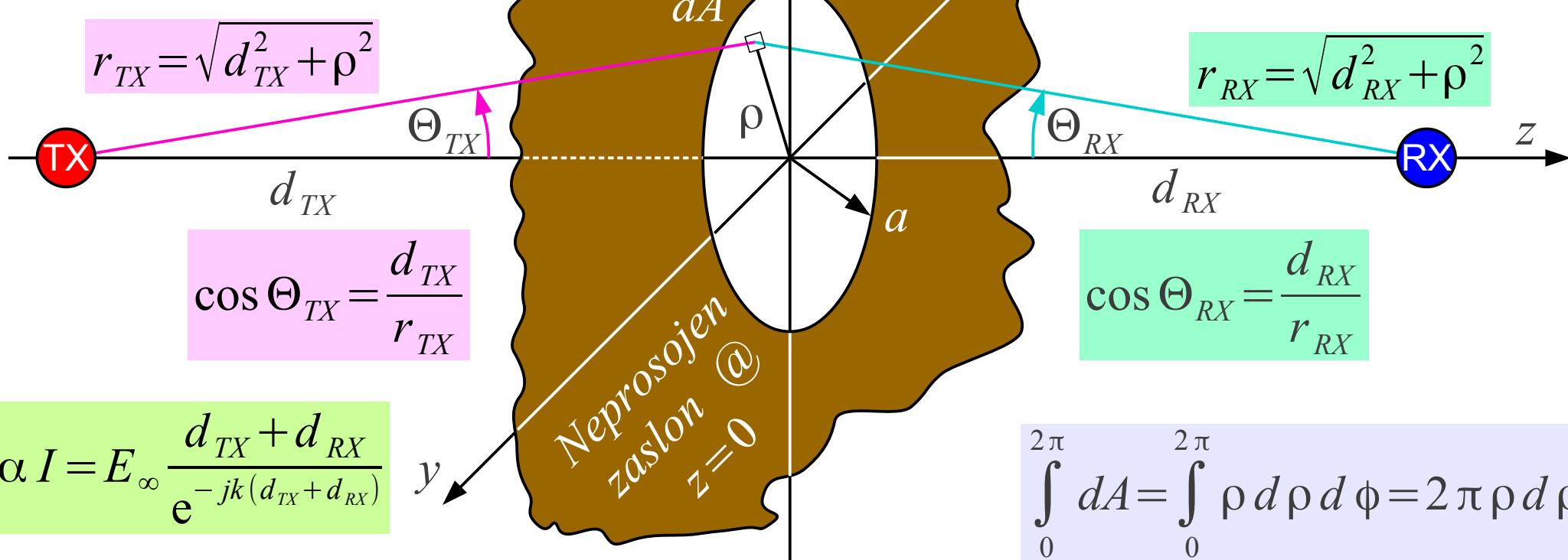
Uklon valovanja na krožni odprtini

Neusmerjen oddajnik

$$E = \alpha I \frac{e^{-jkr}}{r}$$

$$\rho \rightarrow \infty$$

$$E_{\infty} = \alpha I \frac{e^{-jk(d_{TX} + d_{RX})}}{d_{TX} + d_{RX}}$$



$$E = E_{\infty} \frac{jk}{4\pi} \frac{d_{TX} + d_{RX}}{e^{-jk(d_{TX} + d_{RX})}} \iint \frac{e^{-jkr_{TX}}}{r_{TX}} \frac{e^{-jkr_{RX}}}{r_{RX}} (\cos \Theta_{TX} + \cos \Theta_{RX}) dA$$

$$E = E_{\infty} jk \frac{d_{TX} + d_{RX}}{e^{-jk(d_{TX} + d_{RX})}} \int_0^a \frac{e^{-jk(r_{TX} + r_{RX})}}{r_{TX} r_{RX}} \frac{\cos \Theta_{TX} + \cos \Theta_{RX}}{2} \rho d\rho$$

Približek uklona na krožni odprtini

$$a \ll d_{TX}, d_{RX} \rightarrow E \approx E_\infty jk \frac{d_{TX} + d_{RX}}{2 d_{TX} d_{RX}} \int_0^{a^2} e^{-jk \frac{d_{TX} + d_{RX}}{2 d_{RX} d_{TX}} \rho^2} d\rho^2$$

Neposredni žarek

$$E \approx E_\infty \left[1 - e^{-jk \frac{d_{TX} + d_{RX}}{2 d_{RX} d_{TX}} a^2} \right]$$

Uklon na robu odprtine

Zgled $\lambda = 10\text{cm}$
 $d_{TX} = 1\text{m}$ $d_{RX} = 1\text{m}$

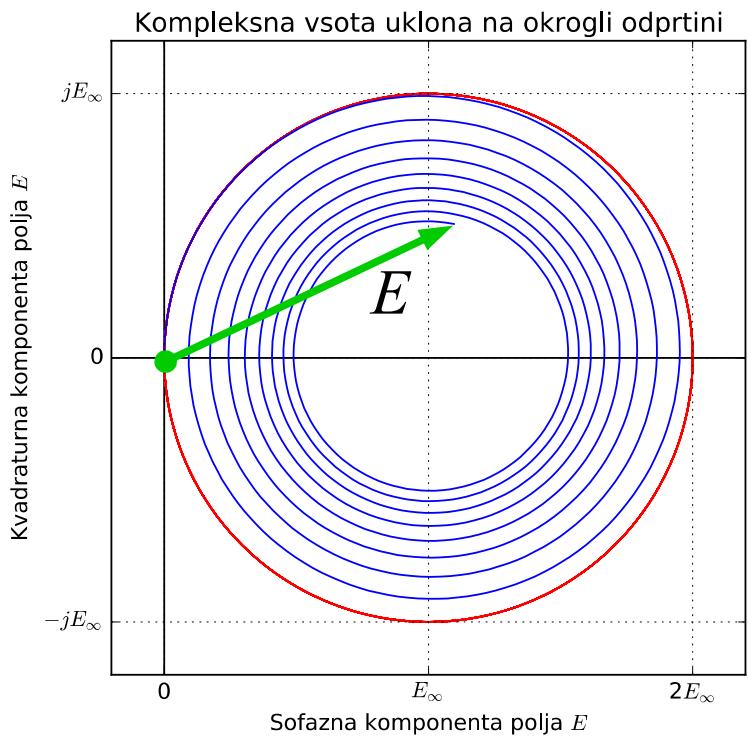
$$\cos \Theta_{TX} \approx 1 \approx \cos \Theta_{RX}$$

$$\frac{1}{r_{TX} r_{RX}} \approx \frac{1}{d_{RX} d_{TX}}$$

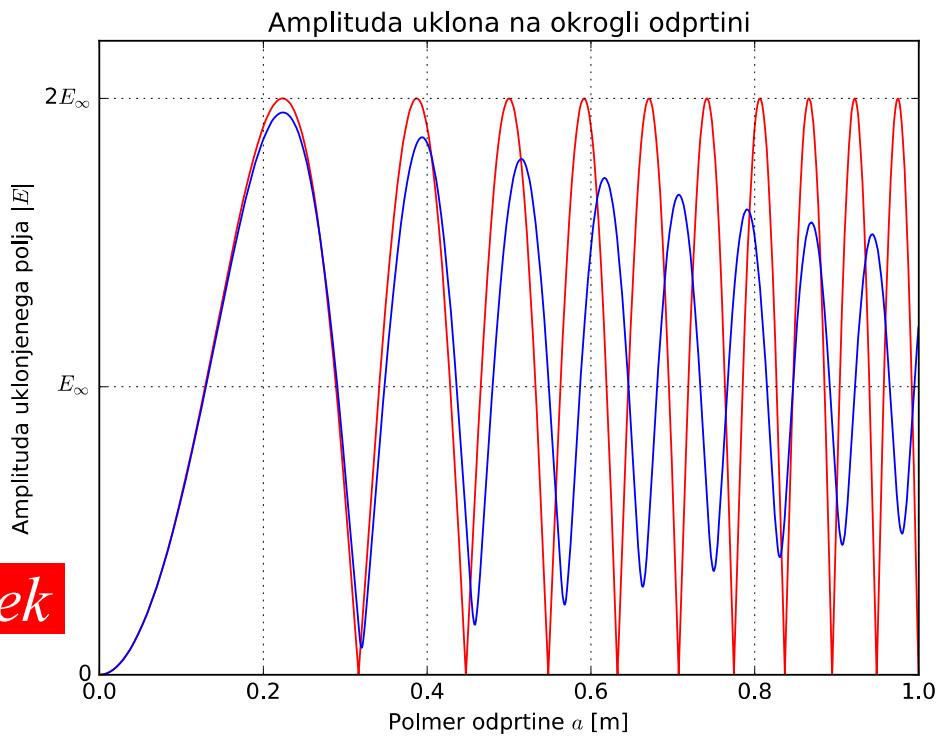
$$e^{-jkr_{TX}} \approx e^{-jkd_{TX}} e^{\frac{-jk\rho^2}{2d_{TX}}}$$

$$e^{-jkr_{RX}} \approx e^{-jkd_{RX}} e^{\frac{-jk\rho^2}{2d_{RX}}}$$

$$|E| \approx 2 \left| E_\infty \sin \left(k \frac{d_{TX} + d_{RX}}{4 d_{TX} d_{RX}} a^2 \right) \right|$$

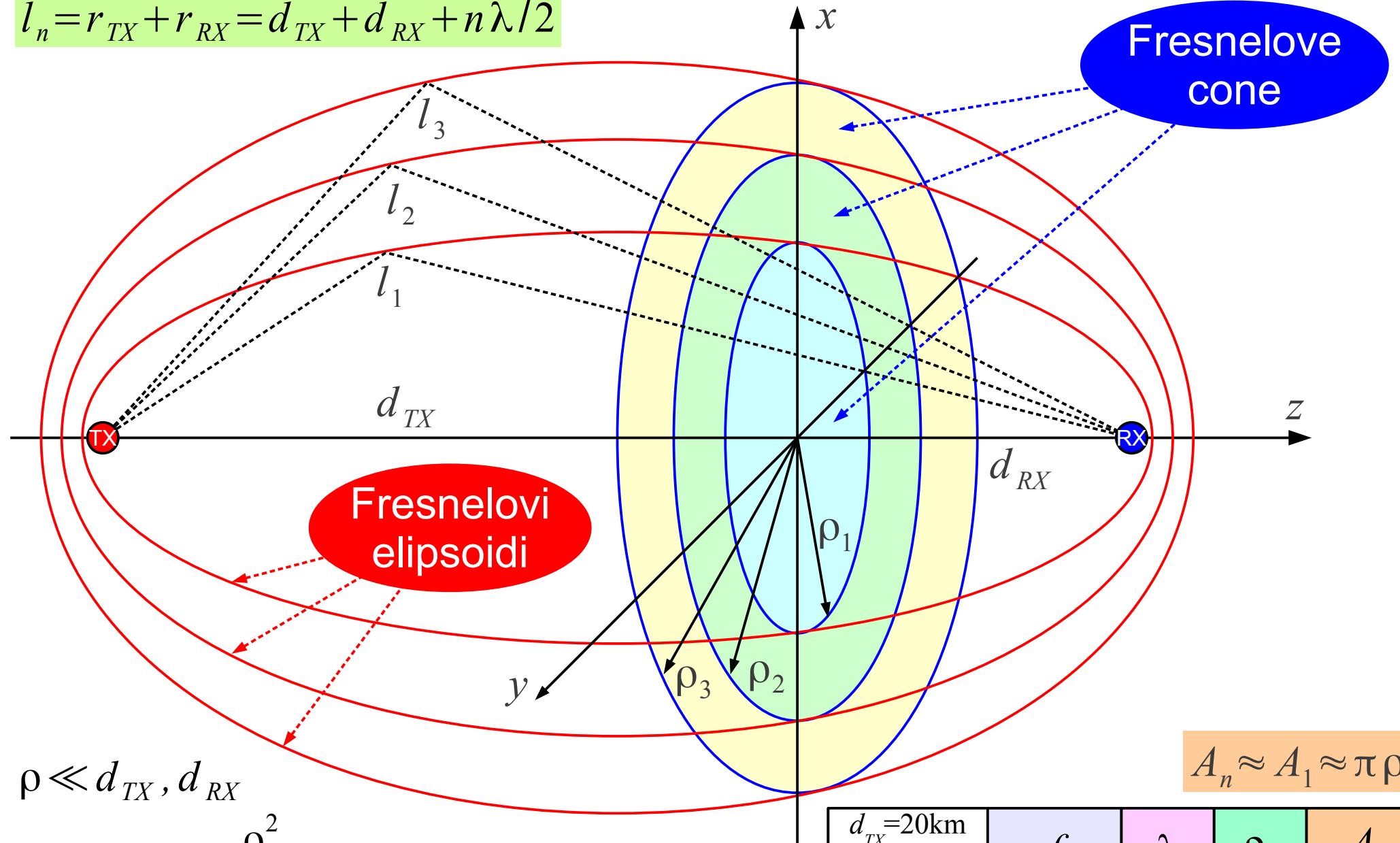


Točno



Približek

$$l_n = r_{TX} + r_{RX} = d_{TX} + d_{RX} + n\lambda/2$$



$$A_n \approx A_1 \approx \pi \rho_1^2$$

$$\rho \ll d_{TX}, d_{RX}$$

$$r_{TX} \approx d_{TX} + \frac{\rho^2}{2d_{TX}}$$

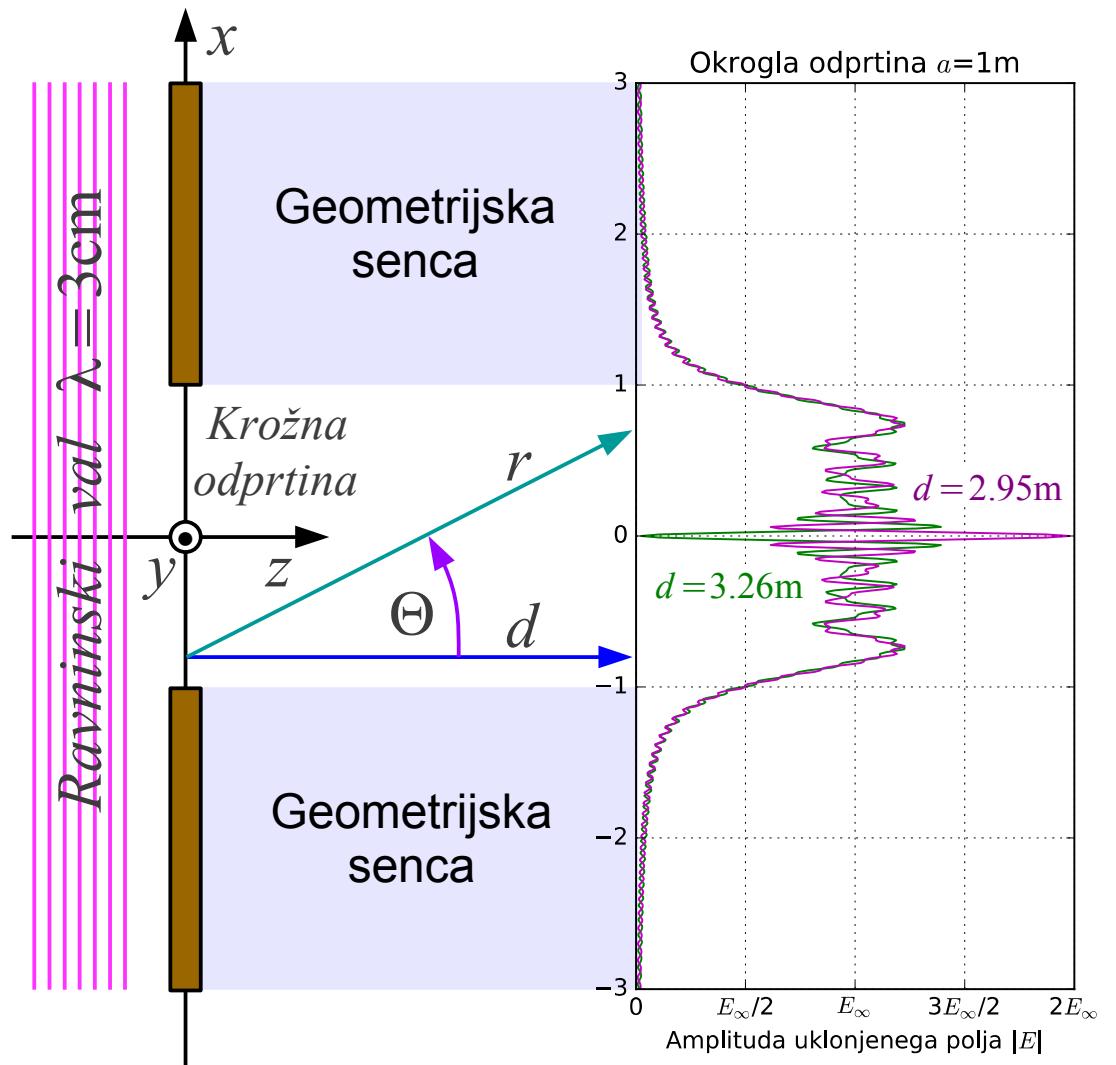
$$r_{RX} \approx d_{RX} + \frac{\rho^2}{2d_{RX}}$$

$$\rho_n \approx \sqrt{n \lambda \frac{d_{TX} d_{RX}}{d_{TX} + d_{RX}}}$$

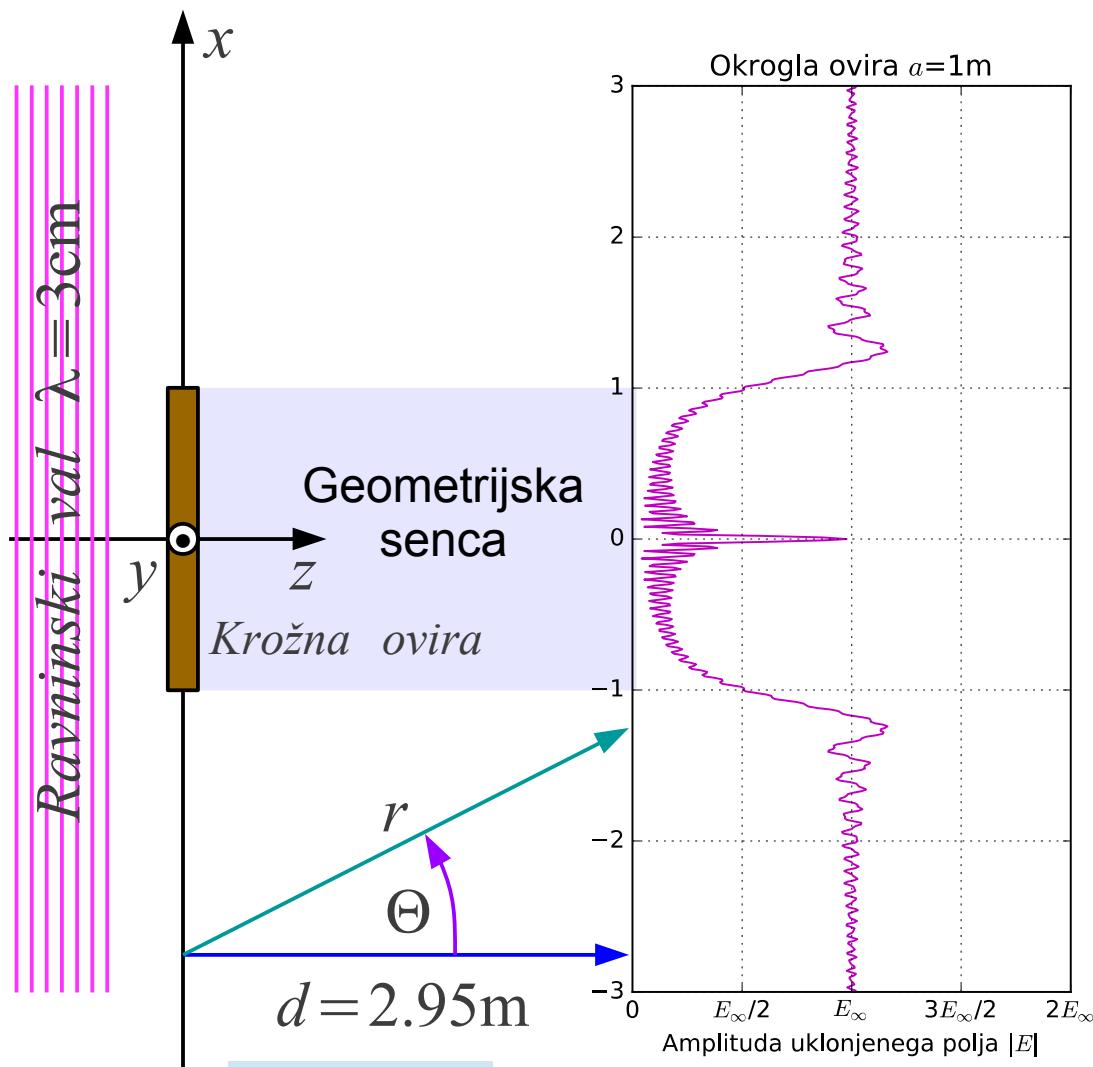
d_{TX}	d_{RX}	f	λ	ρ_1	A_1
20km	10km				
Radio	100MHz	3m	141m	62831m ²	
Mikrovalovi	10GHz	3cm	14.1m	628m ²	
Svetloba	600THz	0.5μm	5.8cm	0.0105m ²	

$$r = \sqrt{(\rho \cos \phi - x)^2 + (\rho \sin \phi)^2 + d^2}$$

$$E_{odprtina} = E_{\infty} \frac{jk e^{jkd}}{4\pi} \int_0^a \int_0^{2\pi} \frac{e^{-jkr}}{r} \left(1 + \frac{d}{r} \right) \rho d\rho d\phi$$



Aragova pika za krožno odprtino



$$\cos \Theta = \frac{d}{r}$$

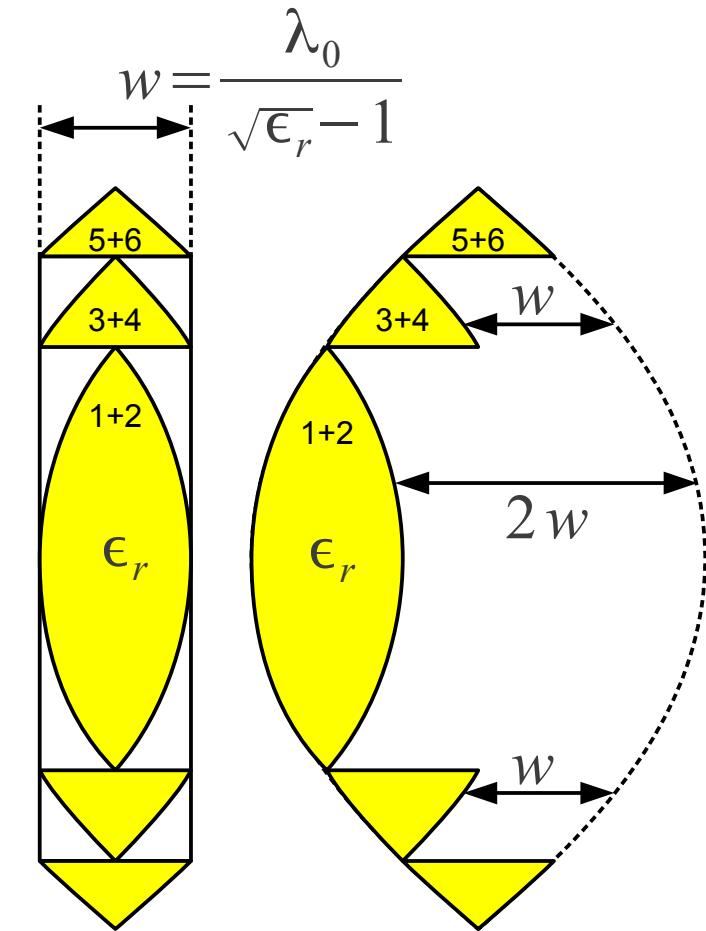
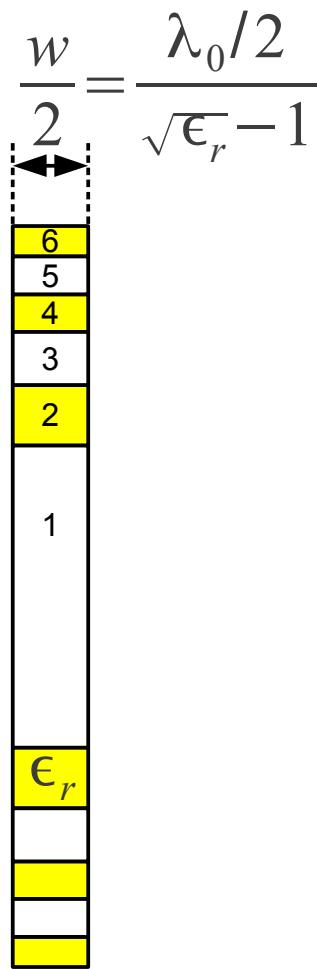
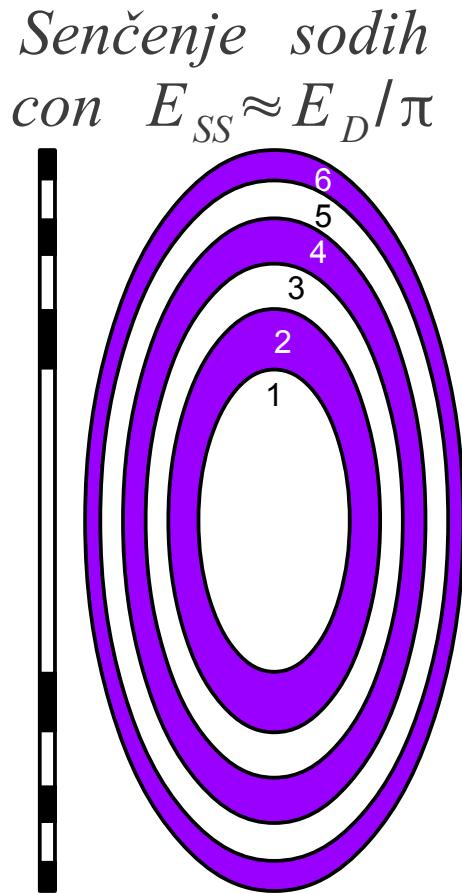
$$E_{ovira} = E_{\infty} - E_{odprtina}$$



$$E_{ovira} = E_{\infty} \frac{jk e^{jkd}}{4\pi} \int_a^{\infty} \int_0^{2\pi} \frac{e^{-jkr}}{r} \left(1 + \frac{d}{r} \right) \rho d\rho d\phi$$

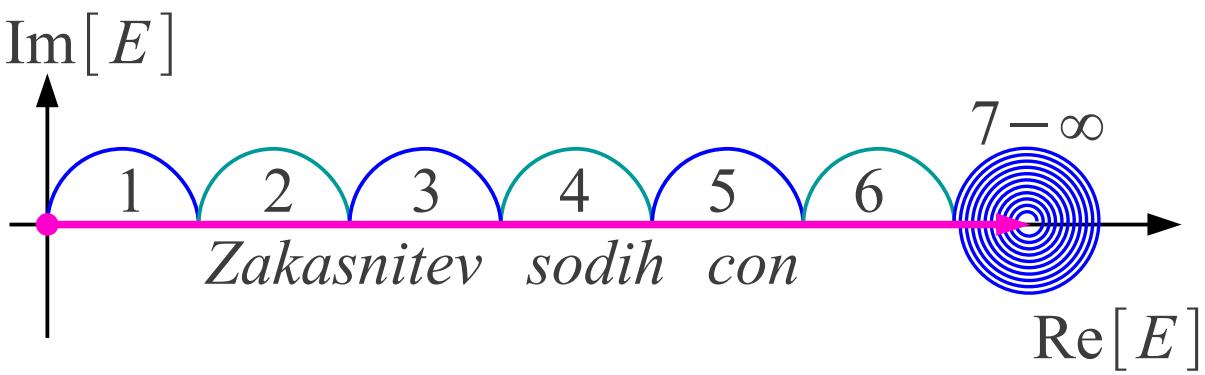
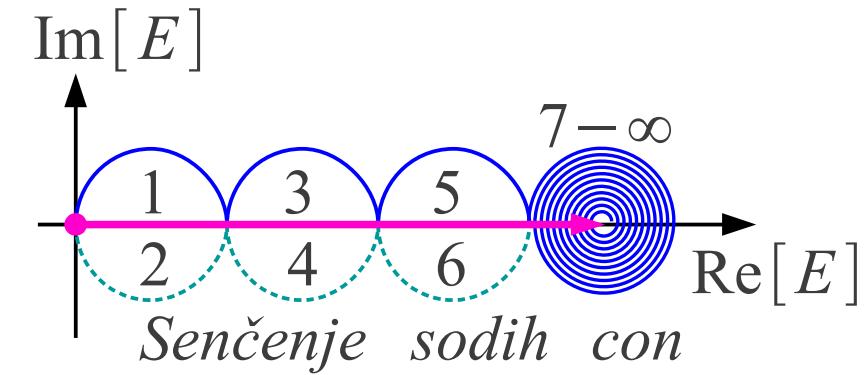
Aragova pika za krožno oviro

Fresnelove leče

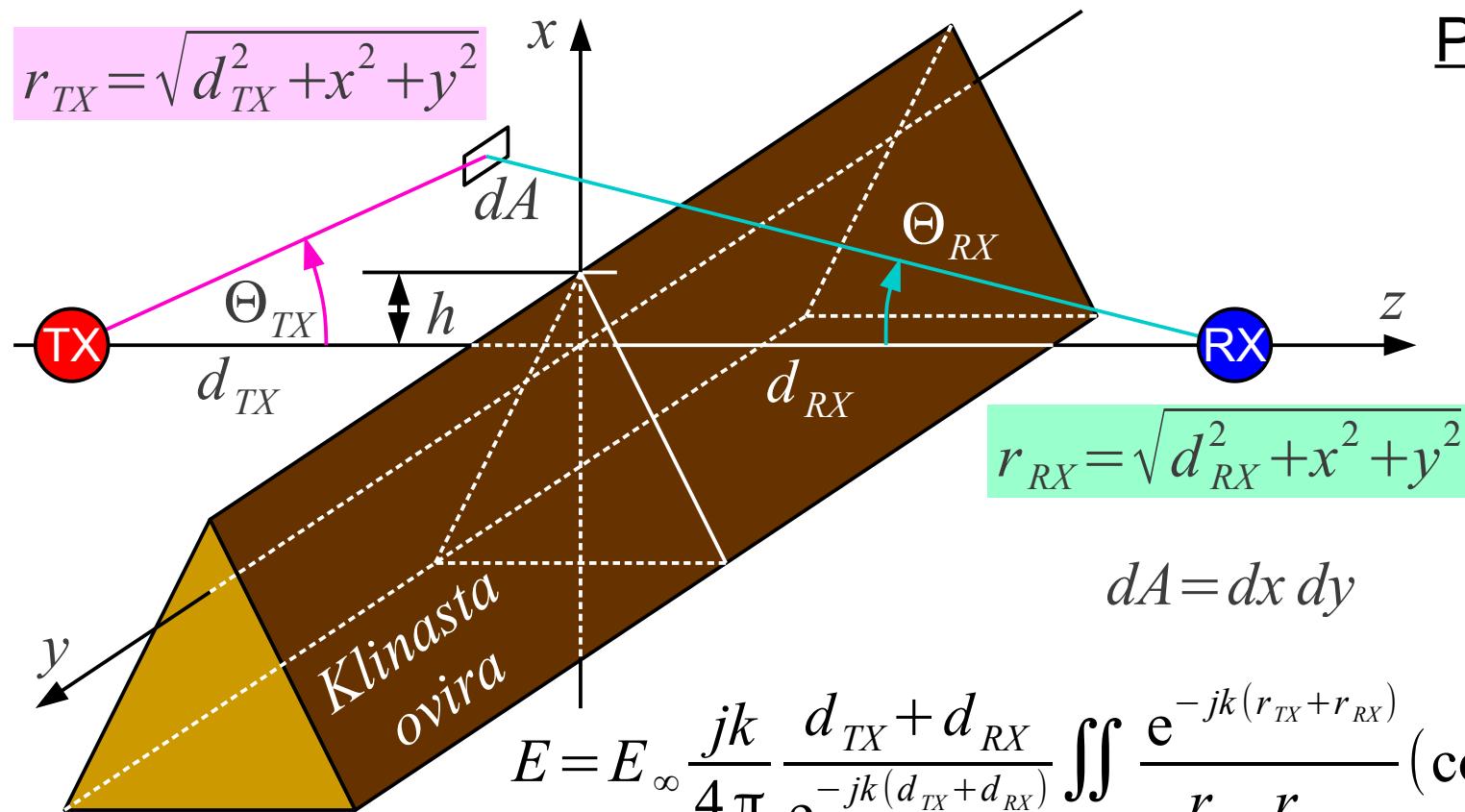


Zakasnitev sodih
 $E_{ZS} \approx 2 E_D / \pi$

Fresnelova leča
 $E_{FL} \approx E_D$



$$r_{TX} = \sqrt{d_{TX}^2 + x^2 + y^2}$$



Prečna klinasta ovira

$$x, y \ll d_{TX}, d_{RX}$$

$$\cos \Theta_{TX} \approx 1 \approx \cos \Theta_{RX}$$

$$\frac{1}{r_{TX} r_{RX}} \approx \frac{1}{d_{RX} d_{TX}}$$

$$r_i \approx d_i + \frac{x^2 + y^2}{2d_i}$$

$$e^{-jk(r_{TX} + r_{RX})} \approx e^{-jk(d_{TX} + d_{RX})} e^{-jk \frac{d_{TX} + d_{RX}}{2d_{TX} d_{RX}} (x^2 + y^2)} \approx e^{-jk(d_{TX} + d_{RX})} e^{-j\pi \frac{x^2 + y^2}{\rho_1^2}}$$

$$\frac{2\pi}{k} \frac{d_{TX} d_{RX}}{d_{TX} + d_{RX}} \approx \rho_1^2$$

$$E = E_\infty \frac{j}{\rho_1^2} \int_h^\infty e^{-j\pi \frac{x^2}{\rho_1^2}} dx \int_{-\infty}^\infty e^{-j\pi \frac{y^2}{\rho_1^2}} dy$$

$$u = \frac{\sqrt{\pi}}{\rho_1} x$$

$$v = \frac{\sqrt{\pi}}{\rho_1} y$$

$$E = E_\infty \frac{j}{\pi} \int_{\frac{\sqrt{\pi}}{\rho_1} h}^\infty e^{-ju^2} du \int_{-\infty}^\infty e^{-jv^2} dv$$

$$\left[\int_{-\infty}^\infty e^{-jv^2} dv \right]^2 = -j\pi \rightarrow \int_{-\infty}^\infty e^{-jv^2} dv = (1-j) \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}}$$

$$E = E_\infty \frac{1+j}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \int_{\frac{\sqrt{\pi}}{\rho_1} h}^\infty e^{-ju^2} du$$

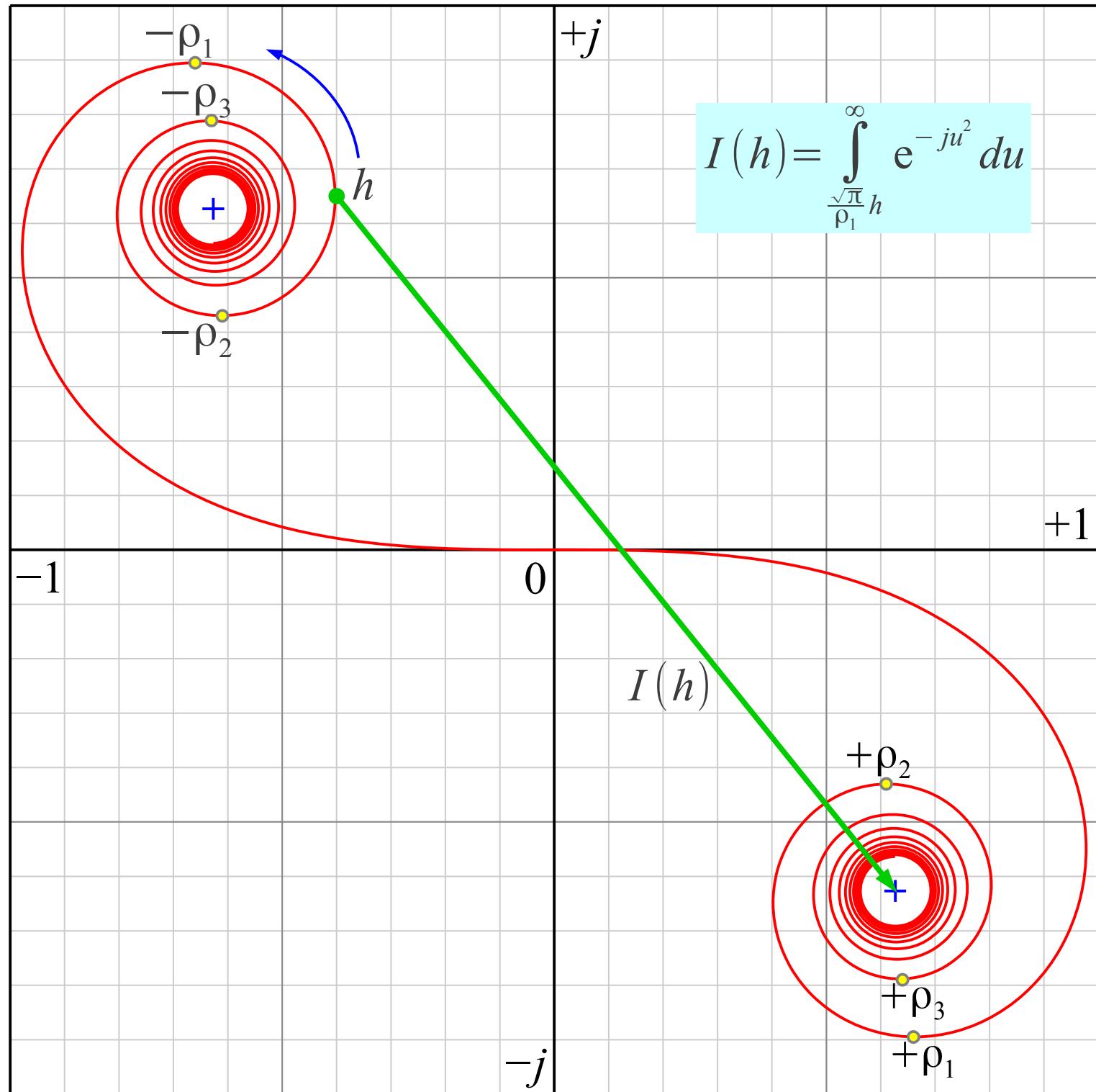
Eulerjeva ali Cornujeva spirala

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{-ju^2} du = \\ = (1-j) \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}}$$

Fresnelova
integrala

$$\int_0^x e^{-jt^2} dt = \\ = \int_0^x \cos(t^2) dt - \\ - j \int_0^x \sin(t^2) dt$$

Klotoida



$$E = E_\infty \frac{1+j}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \int_{\frac{\sqrt{\pi}}{\rho_1} h}^{\infty} e^{-ju^2} du$$

$$\left| \frac{E}{E_\infty} \right| = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\pi}} \left| \int_{\frac{\sqrt{\pi}}{\rho_1} h}^{\infty} e^{-ju^2} du \right|$$

$$\left| \frac{E}{E_\infty} \right|_{MAX} = 1.17 \text{ @ } h = -0.866\rho_1$$

$$a_{dB} = 20 \log_{10} \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{\pi}} \left| \int_{\frac{\sqrt{\pi}}{\rho_1} h}^{\infty} e^{-ju^2} du \right| \right)$$

$$h \leq -\rho_1 \rightarrow a_{dB} \approx 0 \text{ dB}$$

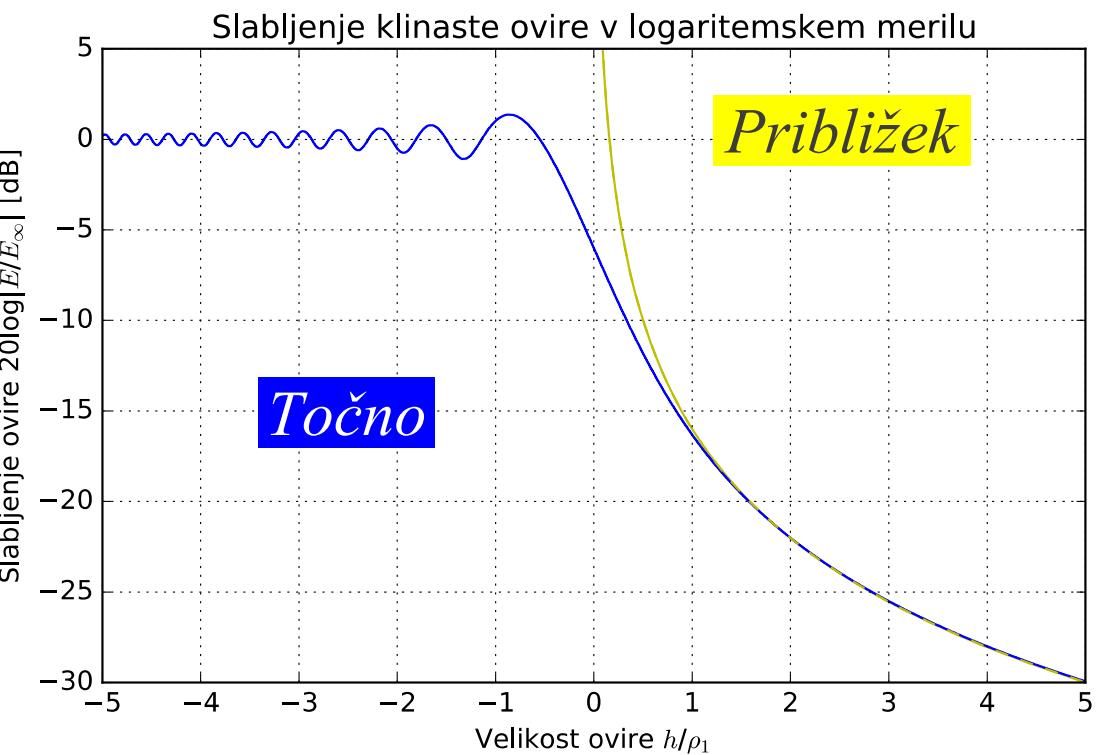
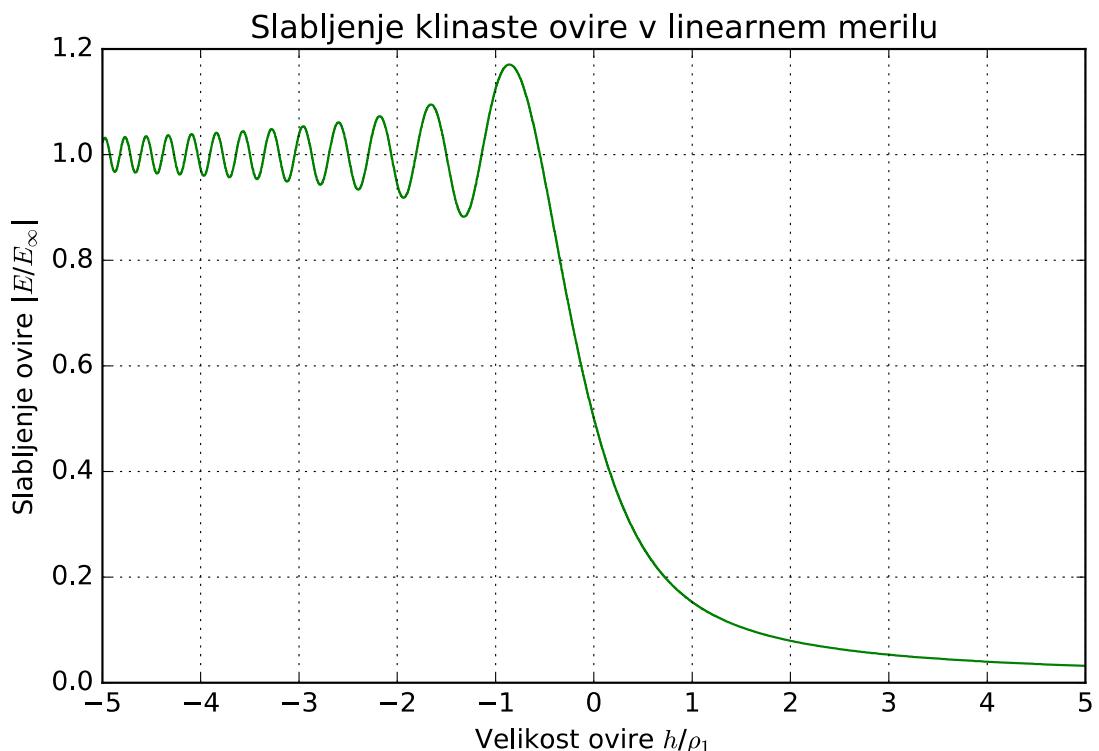
$$a_{MAX} = 1.37 \text{ dB @ } h = -0.866\rho_1$$

$$h = 0 \rightarrow a_{dB} = -6 \text{ dB}$$

Približek $h \geq \rho_1 \rightarrow$

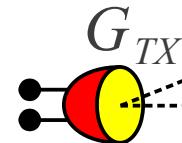
$$a_{dB} \approx -16 \text{ dB} - 20 \text{ dB} \log_{10} \frac{h}{\rho_1}$$

Slabljenje klinaste ovire

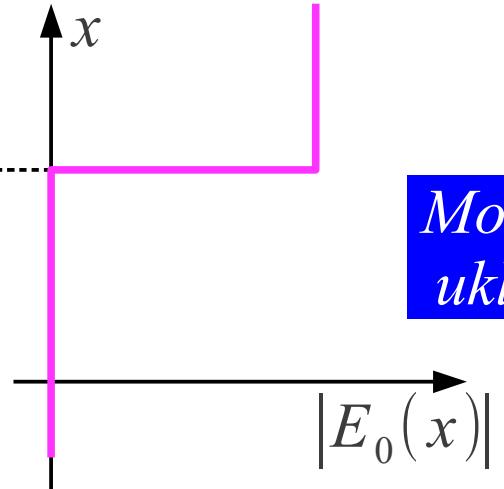


Oblika ovire

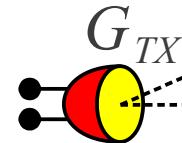
Klinast greben



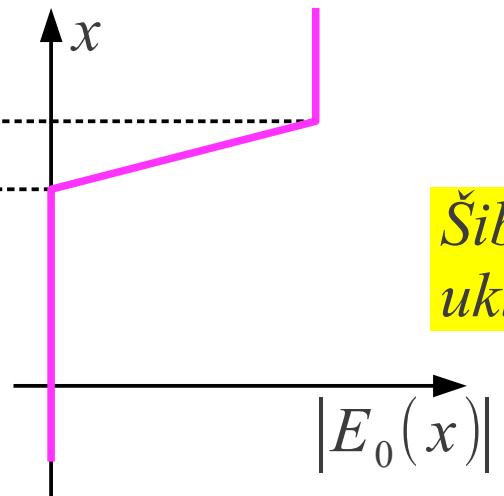
Močen uklon



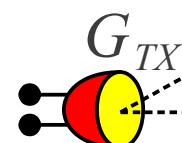
Zaobljen kucelj



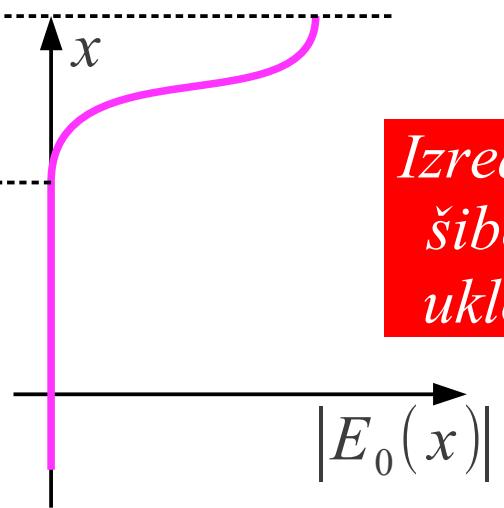
Šibek uklon

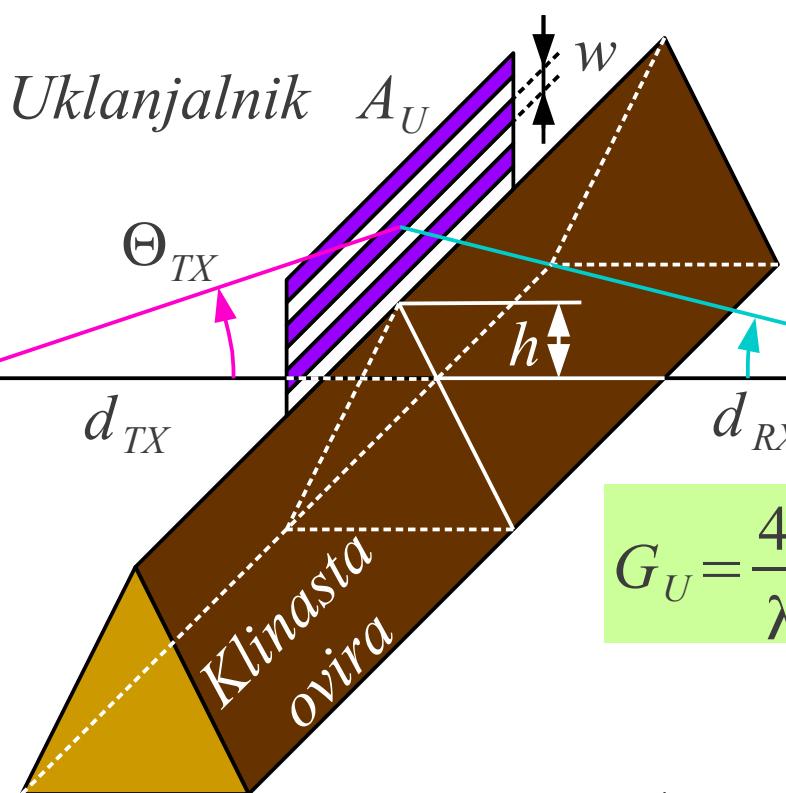


Poraščen kucelj



Izredno šibek uklon





Radijska zveza preko uklanjalnika

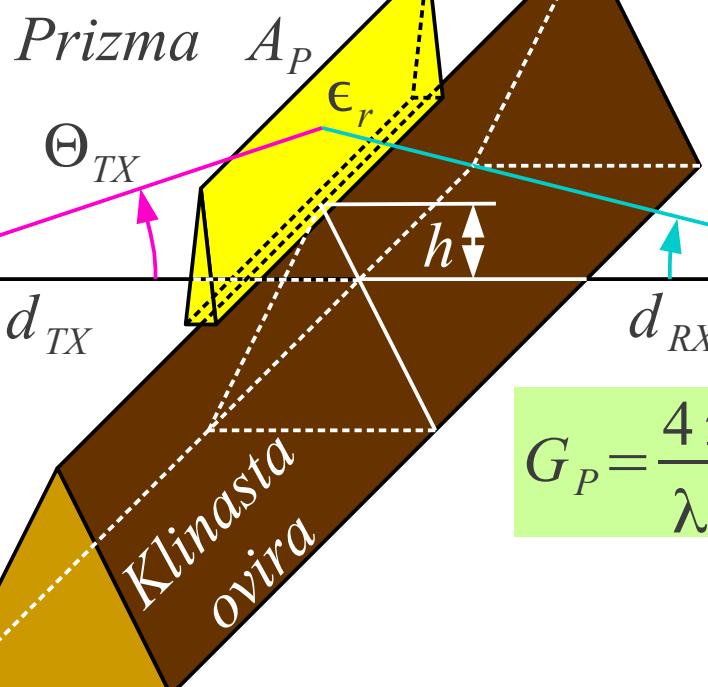
$$w = \frac{\lambda/2}{\sin \Theta_{TX} + \sin \Theta_{RX}} \approx \frac{\rho_1^2}{2h}$$

$$P_U \approx \frac{P_{TX} G_{TX} A_U \cos \Theta_{TX}}{4\pi d_{TX}^2}$$

$$G_U = \frac{4\pi}{\lambda^2} \frac{A_U \cos \Theta_{RX}}{\pi^2}$$

$$P_{RX} \approx P_U G_U G_{RX} \left(\frac{\lambda}{4\pi d_{RX}} \right)^2$$

$$P_{RX} \approx \frac{P_{TX} G_{TX} G_{RX}}{(4\pi d_{TX} d_{RX})^2} \left(\frac{A_U}{\pi} \right)^2 \cos \Theta_{TX} \cos \Theta_{RX}$$



Fraunhofer $d_{TX}, d_{RX} > 2 A_U / \lambda, 2 A_P / \lambda$

$$P_P \approx \frac{P_{TX} G_{TX} A_P \cos \Theta_{TX}}{4\pi d_{TX}^2}$$

$$G_P = \frac{4\pi}{\lambda^2} A_P \cos \Theta_{RX}$$

$$P_{RX} \approx P_P G_P G_{RX} \left(\frac{\lambda}{4\pi d_{RX}} \right)^2$$

$$P_{RX} \approx \frac{P_{TX} G_{TX} G_{RX}}{(4\pi d_{TX} d_{RX})^2} A_P^2 \cos \Theta_{TX} \cos \Theta_{RX}$$